

Optical System Achieves 1- μ m Operating Position Repeatability in this 4-way Switch

- A knife-edge mechanism in the optical system provides greater precision for a more stable output without faulty contact operation.
- Reduced size and weight (34 mm at operating section and 60 g total).
- Wear-resistant ceramic parts used in the measurement section.
- Two different output types available.



Ordering Information

■ List of Models

| Output configuration | Contact form | Operation indicator | Cable length | Model |
|----------------------------------|--------------|----------------------|--------------|----------|
| PNP open collector (+ common) | SPST-NC | ON when not operated | 1 m | D5F-2B10 |
| | | | 3 m | D5F-2B30 |
| NPN open collector (- common) | SPST-NO | ON when operated | 1 m | D5F-3C10 |
| | | | 3 m | D5F-3C30 |

Specifications

■ Ratings

| | |
|----------------------|---|
| Power supply voltage | 12/24 VDC \pm 10%, ripple (p-p): 10% max. |
| Output current | 100 mA max. |
| Power consumption | 30 mA max. |
| Leakage current | 0.15 mA max. |
| Residual voltage | 2 V max. |

■ Characteristics

| | |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Degree of protection | IP67 |
| Life expectancy (see note 2) | Mechanical: 5,000,000 operations min. Electrical: 5,000,000 operations min. |
| Operating speed | 1 μ m/s to 50 cm/s |
| Max. operating frequency | 60 operations/minute max. |
| Insulation resistance | 100 M Ω min. (at 500 VDC) between each terminal and ground |
| Dielectric strength | 1,100 VAC between each terminal and ground |
| Vibration resistance | Malfunction: 10 to 500 Hz, 1.3-mm double amplitude |
| Shock resistance | Malfunction: 300 m/s ² min. |
| Repeat accuracy | 1 μ m max. (see note 3) |
| Ambient temperature (see note 4) | Operating: -10°C to 60°C (with no icing) |
| Ambient humidity | Operating: 30% to 95% |
| Weight | Switch body: approx. 50 g; Cord: 23 g/m |

- Note:**
1. The above figures are initial values.
 2. Life expectancy values are calculated at an operating temperature of 5°C to 35°C, and an operating humidity of 40% to 70%. Contact your OMRON sales representative for more detailed information on other operating environments.
 3. Measurements were conducted repeatedly at the same point. The value is 1 μ m max. for 200 measurements. For other conditions in detail, contact your OMRON sales representative.
 4. The ambient operating temperature varies depending on the current. Refer to the following *Engineering Data*.

| | |
|-------------------------|--|
| Deviation | 10 μm max. after 1,000,000 operations |
| Temperature coefficient | $\pm 50 \times 10^{-6}/^{\circ}\text{C}$ max. |

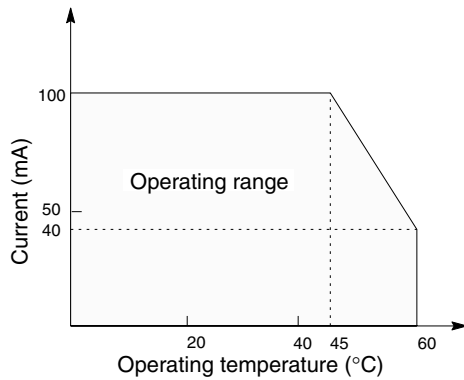
Note: :Operating position fluctuation rate for a change of 1°C in the ambient temperature.

■ Operating Characteristics

| | |
|---------|------------------|
| OF max. | 2.45 N |
| RF min. | 0.98 N |
| PT max. | 0.5 mm |
| MD max. | 20 μm |
| TT min. | 2.2 mm |

Engineering Data

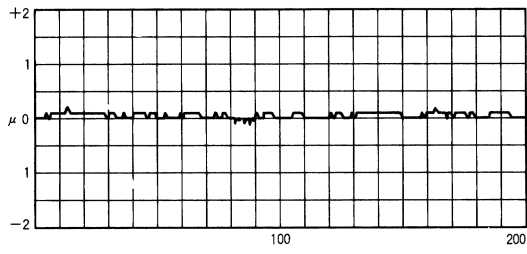
The permissible operating temperature range varies with the current flow as follows:



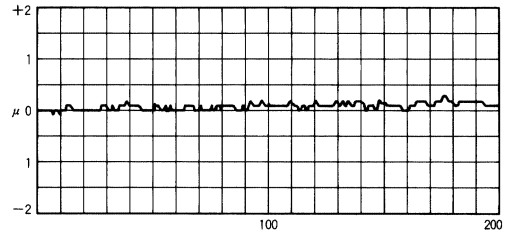
■ Repeat Accuracy (Reference Data)

D5F-2B10

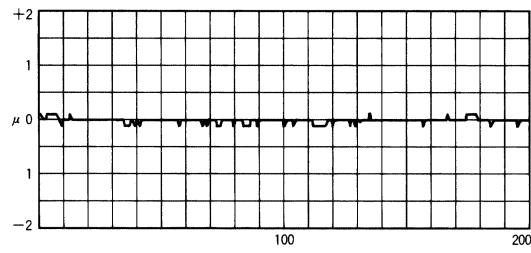
No. 1 ON



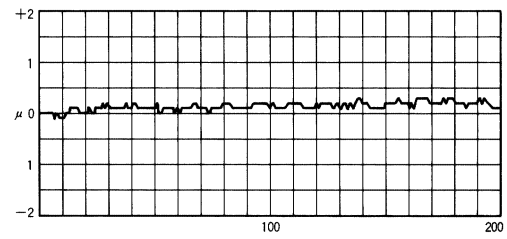
No. 2 ON



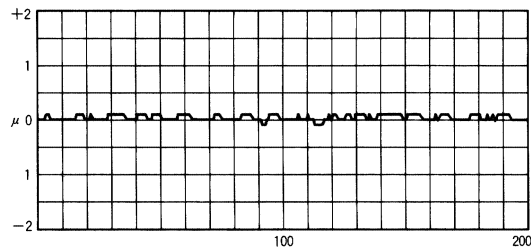
No. 1 OFF



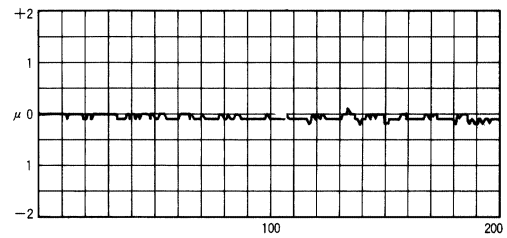
No. 2 OFF



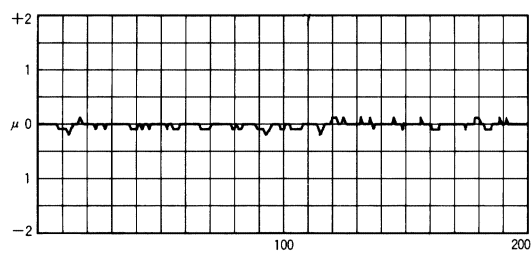
No. 3 ON



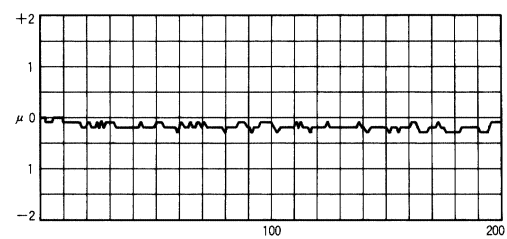
No. 4 ON



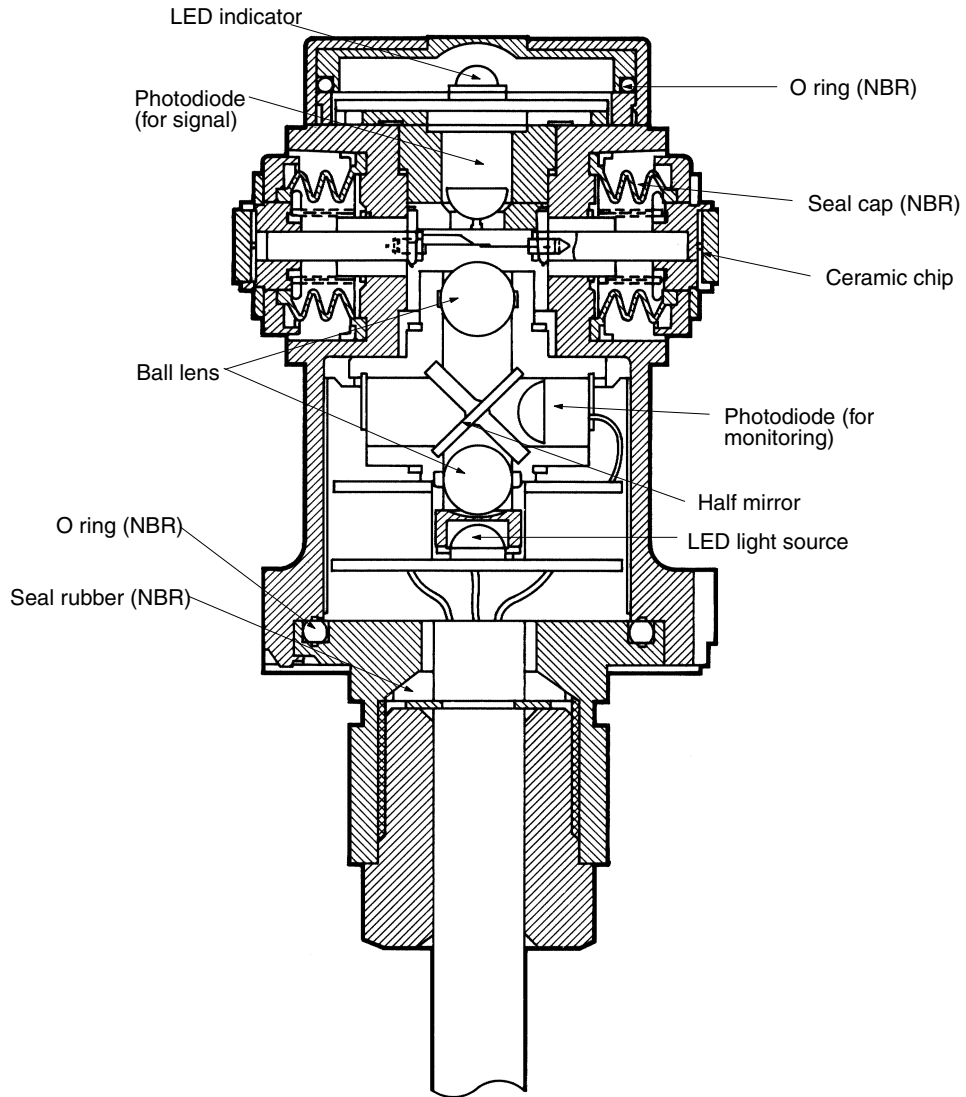
No. 3 OFF



No. 4 OFF



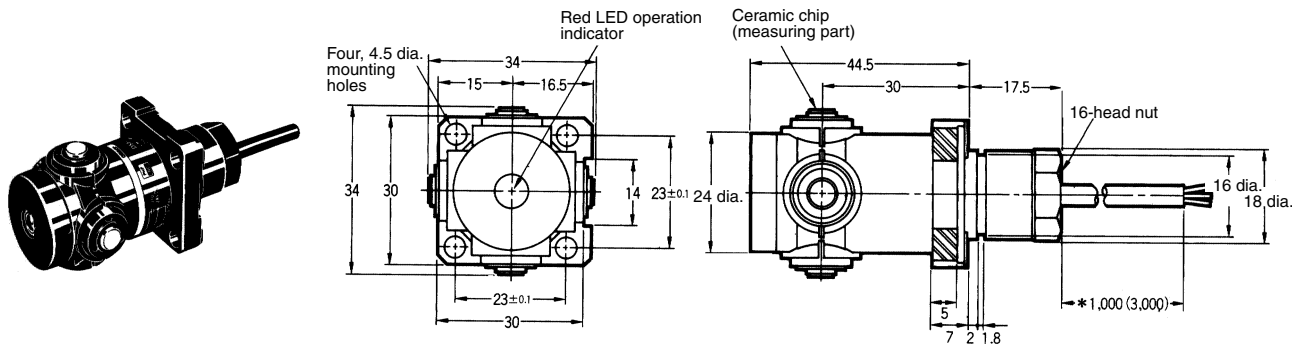
Nomenclature



Dimensions

Note: All units are in millimeters unless otherwise indicated.

D5F-2B□0
D5F-3C□0



Replace □ in the model number with the code for the Switch you require (i.e. 1 for Switches with a 1,000-mm cable and 3 for Switches with a 3,000-mm cable).

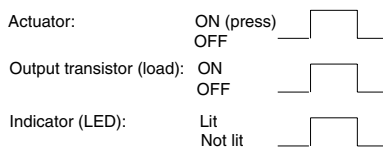
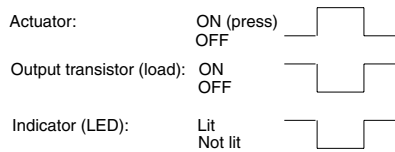
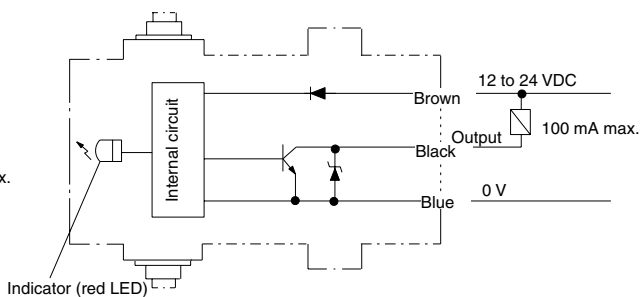
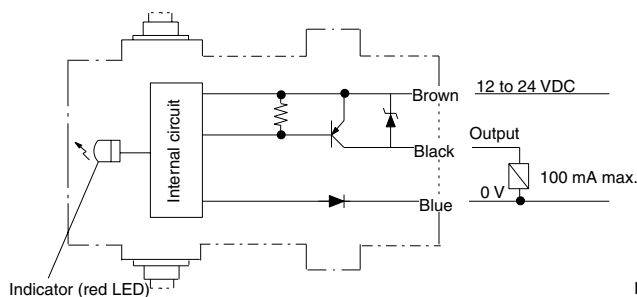
Note: The degree of parallelism and squareness of the ceramic chip are $\pm 5 \mu\text{m}/5 \text{ mm}$ against the reference plane.

Installation

■ Output Circuit

D5F-2B□0

D5F-3C□0



Precautions

■ Correct Use

Do not impose any force exceeding 29.42 N on the cord, otherwise the cord may break. Make sure that the bending radius of the cord is at least 20 mm.

Connections

Take the residual voltage (2 V max.) into consideration when connecting a load or power supply.

When the internal circuit of the D5F is open, there will be a leakage current of 0.15 mA maximum and a residual voltage on the load. Check the release voltage of the load before use.

Handling

Do not drop or impose external force, such as shock, on the D5F. Otherwise, the D5F may malfunction or lose its accuracy.

Operating Environment

The operating environment has a significant effect on the D5F. Consult your OMRON representative before using the D5F in environments with different cutting oil, solvent, or gas.

Noise

If the power supply line is affected by excessive noise, the D5F may lose its accuracy.

Refer to the following and if the noise level is excessively high, take a proper countermeasure, such as the use of a noise filter.

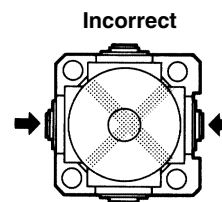
| Level | Influence on accuracy |
|------------|-----------------------|
| 1 kV p-p | 3 μ m max. |
| 1.5 kV p-p | 5 μ m max. |

Make sure that the ripple rate of the power supply is 10% maximum.

Operation

Do not press two or more plungers at the simultaneously, otherwise the D5F may break.

Example: Two-directional Operation



Precautions

Light Source Burnout

The D5F does not use any contacts. Therefore no contact failures will result. If the LED light source burns out due to noise or any other cause, the following will result.

D5F-2B□0: The output transistor is kept turned OFF.

D5F-3C□0: The output transistor is kept turned ON.

Take the above into consideration and install a stopper mechanism so that the machine will not be damaged or the Switch will not be pressed excessively if the output transistor does not operate properly.

Adhesive Agent

The ceramic chips are glued with epoxy resin that may deteriorate due to cutting oil or warm solvent. In the worst case, the chips may fall off. The chips can withstand certain cutting oils or acetone. Check the operating environment before using the D5F.

ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE IN MILLIMETERS.

To convert millimeters into inches, multiply by 0.03937. To convert grams into ounces, multiply by 0.03527.